

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231

SENIAL NUMBER	FILING DATE	Financial		11
		FIRST NAMED	INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
08/028,677	03/09/93	ARGENTA	L	DOCKET NO.
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DANN, DORFM	AN, HERRELI	33M1/0112 - % SKILLMAN		
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PHILADELPHIA	A. PA 1910:	3-2307		
			3305	_/
This is a communication fro COMMISSIONER OF PATI	om the examiner in cl ENTS AND TRADEM	narge of your application. IARKS	DATE MAILED:	01/12/94
This application has been		Responsive to communication	n filed on	
A shortened statutory period Failure to respond within the	for response to the			This action is made final.
Fallure to respond within the	period for response	will cause the posting	month(s), days from days from abandoned. 35 U.S.C. 133	
Part I THE FOLLOWING A	TTACHMENT(S) AF	TE PART OF THIS ACTION.	come abandoned. 35 U.S.C. 133	and date of this letter.
	ces Cited by Examine by Applicant, PTO-1		2. Notice of Droftmanut	
5. Information on Hor	wy Applicant, PTO-1	449. Changes, PTO-1474.	2. Notice of Draftsman's Pate 4. Notice of Informal Patent A 6.	nt Drawing Review, PTO-948.
Post II arm	~ w Ellect Drawing (changes, PTO-1474.	6	pplication, PTO-152.
Part II SUMMARY OF ACT	TON		•	
1. 5 Claims 1-4°	7			
Of the above, cl	aims		8	re pending in the application.
2. Claims			are wi	thdrawn from consideration.
			are wi	
4. Claims 1-49			aa	re allowed.
5. Claims			ara	e rejected.
6. Claims			ar	e objected to.
7. This application has been	n filed with t-4		are subject to restriction or	election requirement.
8. Formal drawings are req	min michilia	"awings under 37 C.F.R. 1 es	are subject to restriction or which are acceptable for examination	n purposes.
9. The corrected or substitu	to desire	uns Office action.		
are acceptable; and	it acceptable (see an	Planation or Notice of S	. Under 37 C.F.R. n's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-94	1.84 those days
0, The proposed salars	(64		in's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-94	18).
examiner; disapprove	or substitute sheet(s) Id by the examiner (s	of drawings, filed on	has (have) been Dan	Diminary by the
 The proposed drawing cor 	rection, filed			
2. Acknowledgement is made	of the claim for prio	rity under 35 U.S.C. 119. The	□ approved; □ disapproved (see e certified copy has □ been received	xplanation).
" Le Since this application area				not been received
accordance with the practic	se under Ex parte Qu	in for allowance except for form ayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 2	nal matters, prosecution as to the me	orits is closed in
. Other				

EXAMINER'S ACTION

PTOL-325 (Rev. 2/93)

Serial No. 028,677
Art Unit 3305

Claims 1-2, 5, 7-11, 19, 24, 26, 28-34, 38-39, 42-43 and 45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. In claims 1, 7, 8, 28, 42 the use of "adapted to" language should be used to avoid inadvertently claiming part of the body i.e. the tissue. Also in claim 1 the reduced pressure supply means is connected to a source of suction but is not positively connected to the rest of the device. In claims 2, 26, 43, 45 the use of "locatable" and "securable" is indefinite in that it is unclear whether the elements are located or secured or not. In claim 5 it is unclear what the cover is protecting the wound from impact of, i.e. what is impacting claims 1, 7-11, 19 24 and 29-34 are incomplete since the claims fail to define anything such as a screen or foam from keeping the cover from contacting the wound. The specification only teaches using a rigid cover or a support means, or using a screen or foam between the wound and cover. Claim 38 is indefinite in that it is unclear what the limitation of "a reduction" are, how much of a reduction. Claim 39 appears to be incomplete in that all that is claimed is the foam and tube, it appears that the cover need to be positively claimed within the body of the claim to be a complete device for applying a reduced pressure to the wound.

Claims 1-4 and 7 are provisionally rejected under the

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judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 37-39, 42, 51 and 53 of copending application Serial No. 792,001. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they are a mere rearranging in the scope of the claim.

This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claims 12-13 and 35-38 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 4, 9, 13, 14 and 24 of copending application Serial No. 792,001. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they are a mere rearranging in the scope of the claims.

This is a *provisional* obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claims 39-40 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 51 of copending application Serial No. 792,001. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they are a

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mere rearranging in the scope of the claims.

This is a *provisional* obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claim 47 is provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 31-33 of copending application Serial No. 792,001. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they are a mere rearranging in the scope of the claims.

This is a *provisional* obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. § 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 5, 8-9, 12, 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by Barbieri.

Barbieri discloses a wound dressing that has a vacuum means to apply a suction or negative pressure to the wound and a sealing means to attach the device and to isolate the wound from the surrounding environment which maintains a negative pressure.

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. § 103 which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Subject matter developed by another person, which qualifies as prior art only under subsection (f) or (g) of section 102 of this title, shall not preclude patentability under this section where the subject matter and the claimed invention were, at the time the invention was made, owned by the same person or subject to an obligation of assignment to the same person.

Claims 6-7, 11, 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over Barbieri in view of Richard.

Although Barbieri, discusses above, teaches using an adhesive to secure or seal the cover and does not disclose using a cuff around the periphery. Richard discloses a similar device a shows that it is well known to use a cuff or rim (24) to seal the cover. Therefore a modification of Barbieri such that a cuff, as taught by Richard, is used would have been obvious to one skilled in the art since this would have been a mere substitution of one well known sealing or securing means for another. Also to use a particular range of reduced pressure is seen as a matter of routine design choice wherein the generate conditions are disclosed in the prior art. (See In re Aller et al, 105 USPQ

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233).

Claims 39-41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by Svedman.

Svedman discloses a device for treating tissue that has an open cell material (11) that overlies a wound and a tube having an inlet and outlet where said inlet is connected to the open cell material.

Claims 2-5, 10, 15-38 and 42-49 are allowable over the prior art of record.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to John P. Lacyk at telephone number (703) 308-2995.

J.P.Lacyk/pw

December 20, 1993

Group Fax (703) 305-3590

WILLIAM E. KAMM PRIMARY EXAMINER

ART UNIT 335